

# The OSI Reference Model: Layering Network Communication

The Open Systems Interconnection (OSI) model is a conceptual framework for standardizing network communication protocols.

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### Layer 7: Application

**User-Facing Interactions** 

This layer handles user interactions with network services like web browsing, email, and file transfer.

Examples

HTTP, FTP, SMTP, DNS



### Layer 6: Presentation

Data Formatting

Ensures data is presented in a format that the application layer can understand, handling encryption and compression.



Examples

JPEG, GIF, PDF

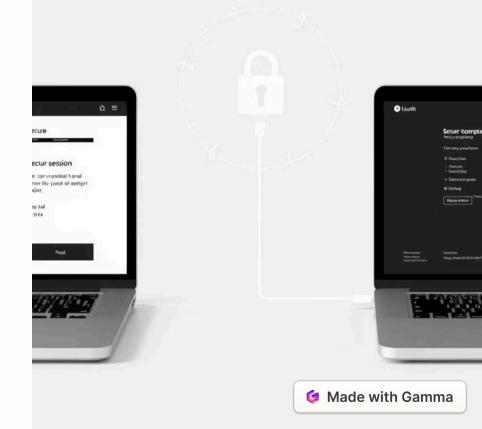
### Layer 5: Session

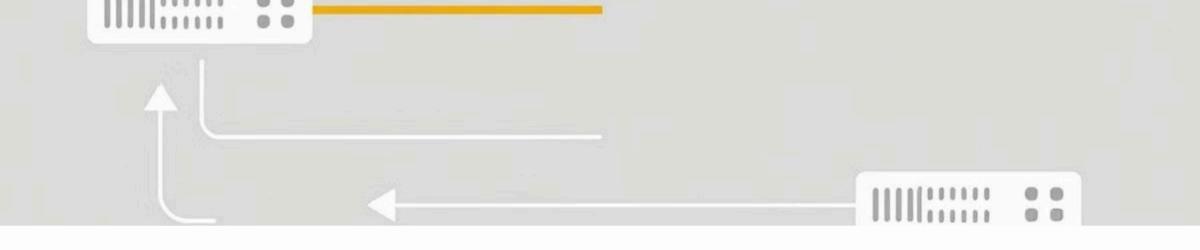
Session Management

Establishes, maintains, and terminates communication sessions between applications.

#### Examples

Negotiates data transfer protocols, synchronizes communication between devices, and ensures data integrity.





# Layer 4: Transport

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Reliable Data Transfer

Ensures data is delivered reliably, handling error detection and retransmission.



Examples

TCP, UDP, SCTP

# Layer 3: Network

Logical Addressing

Provides logical addressing and routing of data packets across the network.

2 Examples
IP, IPX, AppleTalk



### Layer 2: Data Link

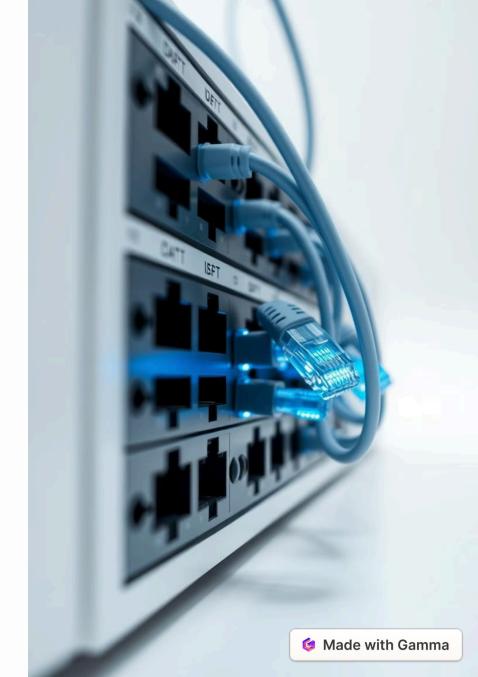
Frame Transmission

1 Handles the physical transmission of data frames across the

network.

Examples

Ethernet, Token Ring, FDDI



# Layer 1: Physical

